



### TERMINOLOGY

And (&) / Syncopation	A step made on the half-beat (e.g. One- <i>And</i> -Two, i.e. 3 steps over two beats). This is called syncopation. E.g. triple step or <i>syncopated</i> grapevine: side, behind, side-cross, touch (1, 2, &3, 4)
BPM	Beats per minute. All music can be timed for its speed. Many dances fall between 100 and 140 bpm. Under 100 and the dance will often feel slow and flowing, above 140 and it can be a bit of a race.
Clock	When turning to face different directions, either at the end of each wall ready to start again or during each repetition of steps, it is usual to use the numbers on a clock face as a guide. The front wall is 12 o'clock, the wall on your right is 3, the back wall is 6, the one on your left is 9 <i>from your starting position at the beginning of the dance.</i>
Count	A dance is usually described as a (number)-count dance e.g. 32-count / 64-count, etc. One count is one beat of the music.
Walls	A dance is described by its number of "Walls". A 1-wall dance only ever restarts the pattern of steps facing the front wall; a 2-wall dance starts at the front wall then the back wall in turn; a 4-wall dance starts its repetition facing each wall of the room in turn. NB: it doesn't matter how many turns are put into the dance, which cause you to face any number of walls during the dance, what is important is the direction you're facing when the whole pattern restarts from Count 1.
Tag	An additional number of steps or moves (usually only a very few) that allows the music to catch up before both dance and music can start again at what feels to be the correct point.
Vanilla & Chocolate	If you dance precisely to the script this is called "Vanilla". If you like to add your own extra moves or styling (completely acceptable), this is called "Chocolate". Example - instead of a vine, do a rolling vine; instead of a coaster step, do a triple full turn.

### SOME COMMON MOVES USED IN LINE DANCING

*You will encounter many of these moves in the first range of dances you learn. There are a few others but most of those will only be found in more advanced dances.*

<u>Move</u>	<u>Description</u>
Charleston steps	Movement of 4 counts: Point, step, point, step 1. Point 1 <sup>st</sup> foot forward, 2. Step 1 <sup>st</sup> foot back in place, 3. Point 2 <sup>nd</sup> foot BACK, 4. Step 2 <sup>nd</sup> foot forward in place
Chassé	Movement of three steps: Side-together-side. (Or side-close-side.) <i>*Can be to left or to right. *Can either be done over three counts or two using '&amp;' beat (e.g. 1&amp;2).</i>

<u>Move</u>	<u>Description</u>
Coaster step	Movement of three steps: Back-together-forward. 1. Step back on 1 <sup>st</sup> foot, 2. Step back on 2 <sup>nd</sup> foot, 3. Step forward on 1 <sup>st</sup> foot. <i>*Can be done with left or right foot leading. *Can either be done over three counts two or using '&amp;' beat (e.g. 1&amp;2).</i>
Dig	Touch the heel forward (no weight)
Hitch	To raise knee of specified (non-supporting) leg.
Jazz box	Movement of four steps: Cross-back-side-forward. <i>*Usually done over four counts, with one step on each beat. *Can be done with either right or left foot leading. (Think of Hank Marvin and the Shadows!!!).</i>
Kick ball change	Three movements in two beats (i.e. 1&2) 1. Kick specified foot forward, 2. Step weight onto same foot, 3. Step weight onto other foot.
Lock step	Movement of three steps: Step-lock-step. (Similar to a VINE done on a diagonal direction.) 1. Step forward, 2. Bring second foot up crossing BEHIND first foot, 3. step first foot forward again. <i>*Can be done with left or right foot leading. *Can either be done over three counts two or using '&amp;' beat (e.g. 1&amp;2). *Can be done forwards or backwards.</i>
Mambo step	Movement of three steps: 1. Step 1 <sup>st</sup> foot in specified direction and rock weight onto it; 2. Recover weight onto 2 <sup>nd</sup> foot; 3. Return 1 <sup>st</sup> foot to starting position. <i>* Can be done forwards, backwards, or sideways.</i>
Monterey turn	Movement of four counts: Point-turn-point-together. 1. Point toe out to side, 2. Return foot to centre transferring weight over, at the same time making turn of specified length and direction, 3. Point other toe out to side, 4. Return foot to centre transferring weight over (no turn). <i>*Can be done with left or right foot leading.</i>
Pivot turn	Movement of two counts: Step-turn. 1. Step first foot forward, 2. Make turn ( $\frac{1}{2}$ or $\frac{1}{4}$ as indicated) and transfer weight onto second leg in direction of second leg. E.g. To make a <i>right</i> pivot turn: Step <i>left</i> foot forward, make turn to right as you replace your weight onto right foot.
Rocking Chair	Movement of 4 steps: Forward, back, back, forward 1. Rock forward on 1 <sup>st</sup> foot, 2. Rock back on 2 <sup>nd</sup> foot, 3. Rock BACK on 1 <sup>st</sup> foot, 4. Rock forward on 2 <sup>nd</sup> foot
<u>Move</u>	<u>Description</u>
Rumba box	Movement over 8 counts producing a square pattern. Can be done with either

	<p>foot leading and in a clockwise or anti-clockwise direction.</p> <p>The most common is: 1. Step left foot to left side, 2. Step right foot next to left foot, 3. Step left foot forward, 4. Touch right toe next to left foot, 5. Step right foot to right side, 6. Step left foot next to right foot, 7. Step back on right foot, 8 touch left foot next to right foot. (side-together- forward-touch-side-together-back-touch).</p>
Sailor step	<p>Exaggerated coaster step.</p> <p>1. Step 1<sup>st</sup> foot behind 2<sup>nd</sup> foot. 2. Step 2<sup>nd</sup> foot diagonally forward. 3. Step 1<sup>st</sup> foot to side of 2<sup>nd</sup> foot.</p>
Scissor steps	<p>Movement of 3 steps:</p> <p>1. Step 1<sup>st</sup> foot to side, 2. Step 2<sup>nd</sup> foot next to 1<sup>st</sup> foot, 3. Cross step 1<sup>st</sup> foot over in front of 2<sup>nd</sup> foot.</p> <p><i>*Can be done over 4 counts (1,2,3 hold) or syncopated on 1&amp;2.</i></p>
Shuffle	<p>Movement of three steps (similar to a lock step):</p> <p>1. Step forward, 2. bring second foot up BESIDE first foot, 3. step first foot forward again.</p> <p><i>*Can be done with left or right foot leading. *Can be done over three counts or using ' &amp; ' beat (e.g. 1&amp;2). *Can be done forwards backwards or sideways (see chassé).</i></p>
Strut	<p>Movements done over two counts:</p> <p><u>Heel strut</u>: 1. Place heel of indicated foot forward, 2. drop toe to floor.</p> <p><u>Toe strut</u>: 1. Place toe of indicated foot onto floor, 2. drop heel to floor.</p> <p><i>* Toe struts can be done forwards, backwards or sideways.</i></p>
Triple step	<p>Three steps over two counts (e.g. 1&amp;2):</p> <p>1. Step onto first foot, 2. step onto second foot, 3. return to first foot.</p> <p><i>* Done on the spot (not travelling in any direction). * Can be done with left or right foot leading.</i></p>
Vine (grape-vine)	<p>Sideways movement of 4 counts: Side-behind-side-X. (Travelling in direction indicated, 1. step first foot to side, 2. step second foot behind first, 3. step first foot to side, 4. 'X' can be scuff/stomp/brush/hitch/touch etc.)</p>
Waltz	<p>3 beats to the bar, i.e. the pattern of the dance has 3 counts to each group rather than the usual 4.</p> <p><b>Basic</b> = forward or backward. Step on count 1, weight change on 2 &amp; 3.</p> <p><b>Twinkle</b> = cross over on count 1, weight change on 2 &amp; 3.</p>